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29493 7590 06/16/2008 HUSCH BLACKWELL SANDERS LLP 190 CARONDELET PLAZA			EXAMINER	
			ZHONG, JUN FEI	
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Application No. Applicant(s) 10/723 523 MOUNTAIN, NED L. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit JUN FEI ZHONG 2623 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status Responsive to communication(s) filed on 2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims Claim(s) is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) _____ is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date ___

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)

Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)

Interview Summary (PTO-413)
Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

5) Notice of Informal Patent Application

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DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

 This action is responsive to an Amendment filed 2/6/2008. Claims 4-42 are pending. Claims 4, 19, 32, 33 are amended.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 4-42 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Claim Objections

3. Claims 19 and 20 are objected to because of the following informalities:

Claim 19, it is not making any sense "error correction" by "a repeated failure to recognize". The examiner suggests amending the limitation to "error correction occurs when repeatedly failure of a single input program number been recognized".

Claim 20, the examiner suggests amending the limitation to "error correction occurs when at least two different input program numbers are not recognized".

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the

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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

 Claims 4-16, 23-28, and 30-42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wilson (Pub # US 2002/0184649 A1) in view of Kato (Pub # US 2002/0041756 A1).

As to claim 4, Wilson discloses in a device (e.g., hub 104; Fig. 3) receiving multiplexed, packetized input data streams and outputting other multiplexed, packetized data streams, an output data stream mapper comprising:

an interface with an input data stream (e.g., receiver 218; Fig. 2) (see paragraph 0039);

a packet processor (e.g., multi-transport stream controller 228/328; Fig. 2 and 3) configured to identify and route a selected plurality of related packets (see paragraph 0033, 0035, 0041);

a memory (e.g., memory 406; Fig. 4) retaining at least one stored format table, said stored format table having at least one stored set of input program numbers associated with at least one stored and set of output program numbers, said memory further being configured to retain a current PAT (see paragraph 0057, 0059);

a mapping processor (e.g., processor 404 which is recited in multi-transport stream controller 328) configured to receive a packet from said packet processor (see paragraph 0059-0060; Fig. 5 and 6),

said mapping processor being configured output data stream having at least one reassigned output program number (see paragraph 0062).

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Wilson fails to disclose comparing the current PAT to stored PAT program number.

Kato discloses the packet being a the current PAT from the input data stream, said mapping processor (e.g., program number comparison unit 110) being further configured to compare at least one set of input program numbers in said the current PAT to said at least one stored set of input program numbers in said stored format table (e.g., program number comparison unit 110 comparing program number from TS(B) and TS(A)) (see paragraph 0123, 0125; Fig. 1 and 3);

said mapping processor (e.g., program number comparison unit 110) being further configured such that if the at least one set of input program numbers in the current PAT is the same as said at least one stored set of input program numbers in said stored format table, then an output data stream is output having said at least one stored set of output program numbers from said stored format table (e.g., if program number from TS(A) matches the program number extracted from TS(B), the program number from TS(A) not change (program number =10), output a program number generates from program number comparison unit 110 to be added to TS(a)) (see paragraph 0154, 0220; Fig. 3 and 6);

said mapping processor being further configured such that if the at least one set of input program numbers in the current PAT are is not the same as said at least one stored set of input program number in said stored format table, then an output data stream is output having at least one reassigned output program number (e.g., if program number from TS(A) not matches the program number extracted from TS(B),

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output the program number from TS(B) to be added to TS(a)) (see paragraph 0155, 0221; Fig. 3 and 6).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the comparison as taught by Kato to the packet transport system of Wilson to provide a PID of a program to be reproduced after the switch can be obtained in advance. Therefore, data necessary for reproducing the video or the audio can be identified in advance, before the switch and reference to a first PAT and PMT included in the reference target (see paragraph 0023).

As to claim 5, Kato discloses comparing input program number with stored program number from memory, then an output data stream is output having at least one reassigned output program number (e.g., if program number from TS(A) not matches the program number extracted from TS(B), output the program number from TS(B) to be added to TS(a)) (see paragraph 0155, 0221; Fig. 3 and 6),

Wilson discloses the output data stream mapper of claim 4 wherein said mapping processor (e.g., processor 404) identifies another set of input program numbers having input program numbers that match the input program numbers in said current PAT, and another output data stream is output having reassigned output program numbers, said reassigned output program numbers being retrieved from another stored set of output program numbers (e.g., same input program number "1" in 604, different output program number "16" and "1" in 608; Fig. 6) (see paragraph 0062).

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As to claim 6, Kato discloses the output data stream mapper of claim 4 wherein said mapping processor is further configured such that if the input program numbers in the current PAT are not the same as any stored set of input program numbers in the stored format table, then said mapping processor is configured to generate new program numbers and then output another output data stream having reassigned output program numbers, said reassigned output program numbers being said newly generated program numbers (e.g., if program number from TS(A) not matches the program number extracted from TS(B), output the program number from TS(B) to be added to TS(a); the program number from TS(B) is a new program number, because it is not be used before) (see paragraph 0155, 0221; Fig. 3 and 6).

As to claim 7, Wilson discloses the output data stream mapper of claim 6 wherein said newly generated program numbers are generated by random number generation (see paragraph 0028).

As to claim 8, Wilson discloses the output data stream mapper of claim 6 wherein said newly generated program numbers are generated by incrementing numbers (see paragraph 0082).

As to claim 9, Kato discloses comparing input PMT PIDs with stored PMT PIDs from memory (e.g., comparing PMT PIDs from TS(B) with PMT PIDs extracted from TS(A)) (see paragraph 0157, 0222; Fig. 1),

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Wilson discloses the output data stream mapper of claim 4 wherein said mapping processor (e.g., processor 404) is further configured to receive a packet from said packet processor, the packet being the current PAT from the input data stream, said mapping processor being further configured to compare an input PMT PIDs in said current PAT to a known PMT PID;

said mapping processor being further configured such that if the input PMT PID in the current PAT is the same as the input PMT PID in the stored format table, then another data stream is output having output PMT PID from the stored format table (e.g., same input PMT PIDs "16" in 612, same output PMT PIDs "100" in 614; Fig. 6);

said mapping processor being further configured such that if the input PMT PIDs in the current PAT are not the same as the input program numbers in the stored format table, then another data stream is output having reassigned output PMT PIDs (e.g., the first stream in Fig. 6 has input PMT PIDs "16" in 612, and input program number "1" in 604; the second stream has output PMT PIDs "100" in 614 which is different than the input PMT PIDs "16");

Kato discloses said reassigned output PMT PIDs being from said stored format table (e.g., PMT PIDs extracted from TS(A) not change; comparison unit reassigns the same PMT PID for program number 10 after comparison) (see paragraph 0157; Fig. 3).

As to claim 10, Wilson discloses the output data stream mapper of claim 9 wherein said mapping processor is further configured such that if the input PMT PIDs in the current PAT are not the same as the input PMT PIDs in the stored format table, then

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said mapping processor is configured to generate new PMT PIDs and then output another data stream having reassigned output PMT PIDs (e.g., the third stream in Fig. 6 has input PMT PIDs "800" in 612, the fourth stream has input PMT PIDs "400" in 612; the fourth stream has output PMT PIDs "102" in 614),

Kato discloses said reassigned output PMT PIDs being said newly generated PMT PIDs (e.g., comparison unit generates a new PMT PID for program number 10 from TS(B) after comparison) (see paragraph 0157; Fig. 3).

As to claims 11-12, they contain the limitations of claims 7-8 and are analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claims 7-8 above.

As to claims 13-14, they contain the limitations of claim 9 and are analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claim 9 above.

As to claims 15-16, they contain the limitations of claims 7-8 and are analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claims 7-8 above.

As to claims 23 and 24, Wilson discloses a network interface with said mapping processor and packet processor (e.g., receiver 218) (see paragraph 0039; Fig. 2 and 3).

As to claim 25, Kato discloses the device of claim 4 wherein said memory is updated by a received packet processor table (e.g., program number is temporarily held

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in memory; i.e., if a new stream coming in which will replace the old stream) (see paragraph 0116, 0164).

As to claim 26, Kato discloses the device of claim 4 wherein said stored format table stores program numbers and transport streams (e.g., the transport stream which includes program number) (see paragraph 0105).

As to claim 27, Kato discloses storing transport packets (see paragraph 0116).

Wilson discloses the tables is comprised of a single table having stored input program numbers (604), stored input transport streams (602), stored output program numbers (608) and stored output transport streams (606) (see Fig. 6).

As to claim 28, Kato discloses storing transport packets (see paragraph 0116).

Wilson discloses the format tables is comprised of an input table and an output table (e.g., session table 600), said input table having stored input program numbers (604) and stored input transport streams (602) and said input table being associated with said output table, said output table having stored output program numbers (608) and stored output transport streams (606) (see Fig. 6).

As to claim 30, Wilson discloses the device of claim 4 further including a preference table (e.g., operator defines number of PIDs) (see paragraph 0068).

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Kato discloses storing transport packets (see paragraph 0116).

As to claim 31, Kato discloses the device of claim 4 wherein said memory further includes a temporary storage of at least one incoming PMT (e.g., PMT is temporarily held in memory) (see paragraph 0116).

As to claim 32, Wilson discloses the device of claim 4 wherein said mapping processor is configured to check for a unique PID for each input PMT (see paragraph 0060).

As to claim 33, Wilson discloses the device of claim 32 wherein said mapping processor is further configured to assign new PIDs for input PMTs such that each output PMT has a unique PID (see paragraph 0060, 0062).

As to claim 34, Wilson discloses the device of claim 4 wherein said mapping processor is further configured to check if an incoming program number corresponds to a unique output program number (see paragraph 0007).

As to claim 35, Wilson discloses the device of claim 34 wherein said mapping processor is further configured to assign a unique output program number for each incoming program (see paragraph 0062).

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As to claim 36, Kato discloses the device of claim 4 further comprising a memory for storing at least one of a newly generated PAT or a newly generated PMT (e.g., information adjustment unit 115) (see paragraph 0163, 0167-0169).

As to claim 37, Wilson discloses the device of claim 4 further comprising a capacity limit on a number of programs (see paragraph 0106).

As to claim 38, Wilson discloses the device of claim 4 further comprising a program number remapping table (e.g., session table 600; Fig. 6).

As to claim 39, Wilson discloses the device of claim 38 wherein said program number remapping table includes an item number (610), an input designation (602), an output number (608) and an activity designation (606) (e.g., session table 600; Fig. 6).

As to claim 40, Wilson discloses the device of claim 4 further comprising a PID remapping table (e.g., PID allocation map 800; Fig. 8).

As to claim 41, Wilson discloses the device of claim 40 wherein said PID remapping table includes an item number, an input designation, an output number, an output designation and an activity indicator (see paragraph 0067-0069).

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As to claim 42, Wilson discloses the device of claim 38 wherein said mapping processor is further configured to assign unique PID numbers for each output data stream (see paragraph 0060, 0062).

 Claims 2, 18-20, and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wilson in view of Kato, and 30-42 above, and further in view of Yuen et al. (Pub # US 2003/0190138 A1).

As to claim 18, note the discussion above, both Wilson and Karasawa fail to disclose the mapping processor is further configured for error correction.

Yuen discloses the mapping processor (e.g., controller 702) is further configured for error correction (see paragraph 0231).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide error correction as taught by Yuen to the packet transport system of Wilson as modified by Kato because it can avoid data loss and confuse system.

As to claim 19, Yuen discloses the output data stream mapper of claim 18 wherein said error correction is by a repeated failure to recognize a single input program number (e.g., error counter adding numbers of errors) (see paragraph 0933).

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As to claim 20, Yuen discloses the output data stream mapper of claim 18 wherein said error correction is by unrecognition of at least two different input program numbers (e.g., error counter adding numbers of errors; i.e., it is obvious to set the error counter's threshold at two) (see paragraph 0933).

As to claim 29, Yuen discloses the device of claim 4 further comprising a display notifying a human operator (e.g., viewer) when the input program numbers are not found in said stored format table (e.g., an error, a warning message display to a viewer) (see paragraph 0449).

As to claim 2, it contains the limitations of claim 29 and is analyzed as previously discussed with respect to claim 29 above.

Claims 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over
Wilson in view of Kato, and further in view of Eldering et al. (Patent # US 6704930 B1).

As to claim 21, note the discussion above, both Wilson and Karasawa fail to disclose high definition content.

Eldering discloses data streams include high definition content (see col. 4, lines 8-14).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide high definition data as taught by Eldering to the

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packet transport system of Wilson as modified by Kato because it is desirable to offer a enhanced digital programming services (see col. 1, lines 46-49).

As to claim 22, Eldering disclose statistically multiplexed (see col. 4, lines 16-38; Fig. 2).

8. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Wilson in view of Kato as applied to claims 1, 3-16, 23-28, and 30-42 above, and further in view of Eldering et al. (Patent # US 6704930 B1).

As to claim 17, note the discussion above, both Wilson and Karasawa fail to disclose re-timestamp output data.

Gordon discloses re-timestamp output packetized data streams (see paragraph 0012).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide re-timestamp output data as taught by Gordon to the packet transport system of Wilson as modified by Kato because it can synchronize the real time and non-realtime content (see paragraph 0012).

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Inquiries

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jun Fei Zhong whose telephone number is 571-270-

1708. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri, 7:30-5:00 EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Vivek Srivastava can be reached on 571-272-7304. The fax phone number

for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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JFZ 5/15/2008

/Vivek Srivastava/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2623